



BANGLADESH

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Myanmar

Bangladesh is the main host country of Rohingya refugees from Myanmar, hosting over a million refugees in the Cox's Bazaar region. In line with the United Nations and Rohingya advocacy groups, Bangladesh maintains that the only long term sustainable solution is for the government of Myanmar to finally allow the Rohingya safe return to their homes where they can rebuild their lives. The current accommodations in Cox's Bazaar are however crowded and the bengali government, which recently was overthrown and replaced with an interim government, has so far not been able to provide adequate living conditions and opportunities for advancement for the refugees, and has relied on assistance from the UN in supporting the Rohingyas it hosts. Refugees currently only have limited access to clean water and social services such as education, and infrastructure is inadequate to handle the population, which has grown since children have been born in the camps since the arrival of their parents 7 years ago. On the global stage, Bangladesh itself is a country born out of a struggle for self determination of a marginalised and persecuted indigenous population, with former freedom fighters still having major influence over the country's politics.

Read more

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rohingya_refugees_in_Bangladesh



Mineral Resources (Lithium Triangle/DRC)

Bangladesh is a rapidly industrialising and developing economy with a new government put in power by a youth movement seeking better opportunities. Mineral extraction in Bangladesh is controlled by the Ministry of Power, Energy and Mineral Resources. As such the stance of the Bangladesh government on an issue such as the Lithium triangle should align with the values of empowerment of youth through economic opportunities and development.

It should be noted however that Bangladesh has relatively warm diplomatic and trade relations with Rwanda, with both countries seeking to expand trade. Rwanda is a major player in the Kivu conflict in the DRC, which is also a means by which Rwanda acquires many of its goods to trade.

Read more

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bangladesh%E2%80%93Rwanda_relations

